## Dealing with the sins of bioinformatics

About the sins and virtues of SARA's HPC cloud in the context of e-BioGrid









## e-BioGrid



e-Biogrid is the portal

to the BiG Grid eScience environment

for Life Sciences

Mass spectrometry Micro-array
Nanoscopy and imaging
Structure determination and prediction

Next-generation sequencing Biobanking



## e-BioGrid



#### **Get involved**

We offer support to both bioinformaticians and biologists in the life-science research community.

We invite you to share difficulties, obstacles and problems you encounter in life-science research.



# e-BioGrid

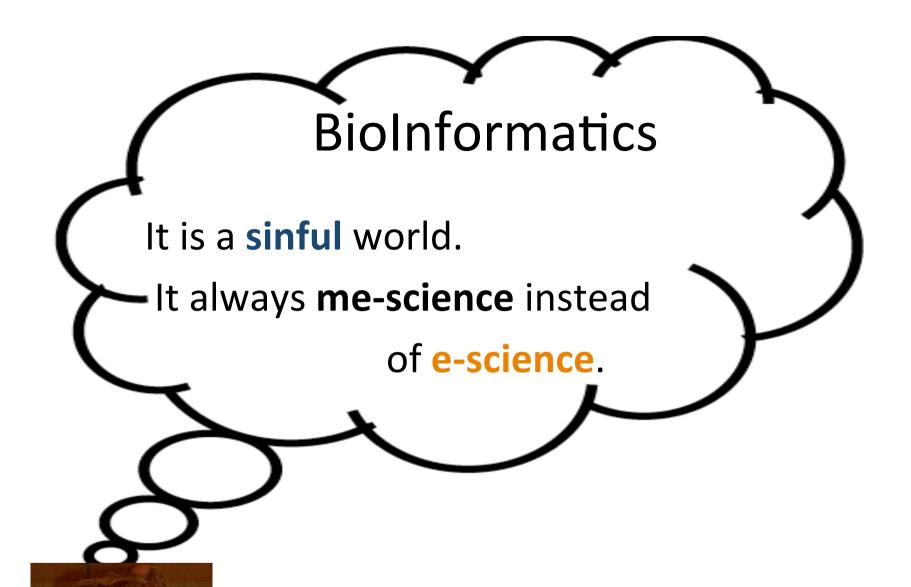


#### Who are we?















## Sins

- Parochialism and Insularity
- Exceptionalism
- Autonomy or death!
- 4. Vanity: Pride and Narcissism
- Monolith Meglomania
- Scientific method Sloth
- Instant Gratification



## Sins and reality



A sin is a deviation of an ideal.

#### **Normative:**

People sin when they do not act as they are supposed to do... relative to some divinely inspired criterion.

#### **Pragmatic:**

Instead of seeing sins accept peoples behaviour and understand their motives.



# Sins and reality: push versus pull



Seeing sins means pushing people
In a push strategy the information about a product or service is broadcast to an audience. The information goes out from the provider to the user. The user can only listen. Push strategy is a provider's monologue.

Push strategy is non-interactive



### Pull



Accepting peoples choices means allowing them to pull

In a pull strategy the provider can broadcast information and the user can respond. The user can also search for a provider, find the provider and make a request for information about a product, service or infrastructure. Pull strategy is a conversation between buyer and seller. Pull marketing is interactive.



## The virtues of bioinformatics

How are **bioinformaticians** supposed to work according to Goble?

Bioinformaticians should reuse each others data and services, use workflows (Taverna) and collaborate.

If they don't they sin



## Sin 1: the wheel

Reinventing the wheel is a sin.

It can be very inefficient





but is it a sin?



# Reinventing wheels may lead to innovation





## The virtues of reinventing wheels

 "reinventing the wheel" is an important tool in the instruction of complex ideas

• It helps in truely understanding existing technology and may lead to new solutions to existing, or slightly different problems: it stimulates innovation.

## Inventing the cloud (again)

SARA's HPC cloud is yet another cloud

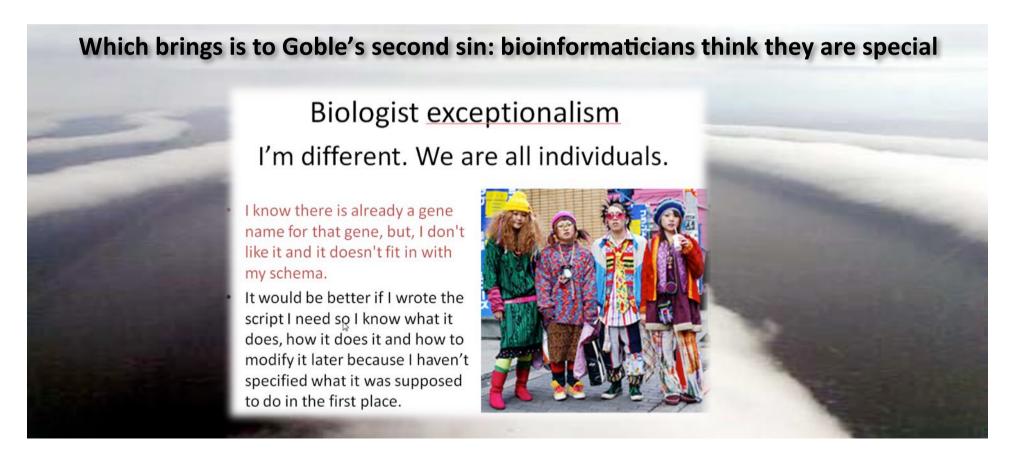
and yet it isn't



## Inventing the cloud

Users have their own managed environment and have everything under their own control.

**Everybody** can feel special

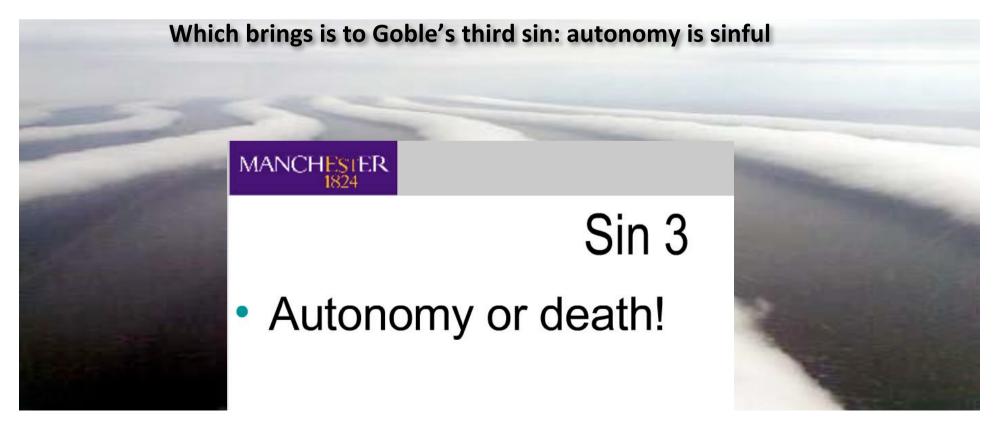


## Inventing the cloud

Users are can keep doing their own things.

They are **not forced** to give up any **control**.

They are completely autonomous





## Sins on cloud



- All those sinful bioinformaticians are still allowed to sin.
- They have their own environment. But they can share – if they want to, not because they have to.
- The are completely autonomous. Root on their own system, install their own software, even allowed to reinvent their own wheels
- They can learn from each other we bring them together. The cloud is a central infrastructure and user experiences can be shared.
- They are not pushed



## The virtues of cloud

Yes you can meet and share and reuse



When you push a Life Scientist...

